CLAIM SET AS AMENDED:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of discriminating a sample for a sensor system which quantitates the a_ concentration of a target substance contained in the sample by measuring electric current, said method comprising the steps of:

using a ratio of a measured current value to a time differential value of the current value as a discriminating parameter;

defining a discrimination function for discriminating kinds of a plurality of objective samples, said discrimination function using said discriminating parameter as an independent variable;

using a numeric value obtained by substituting the value of said discriminating parameter into said discrimination function, as a discriminating index; and

discriminating the kind of any sample one of the plurality of samples based on said discriminating index,

wherein said discrimination function is defined by means of an expression of a high degree for said discriminating parameter.

2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said discrimination function is defined by means of an expression using a plurality of said discriminating parameters.

3-4 (Canceled)

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- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the kinds of the samples to be discriminated are a body fluid and a control fluid.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 5, wherein said sensor system is judged whether it is right or not based on a quantitated value of the concentration of the target substance contained in the control fluid, and then a resultant judgement is indicated further comprising the steps of:

judging whether said sensor system is operating properly or not based on a quantitated value of the concentration of the target substance; and

indicating a result of the judging step.

7. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein when the value of said discriminating index is within a predetermined range that it is difficult to discriminate the kind of the sample, the kind of the sample is not discriminated while the purport is indicated further comprising the step of:

indicating that the step of discriminating the kind of the sample has not been automatically performed when the discriminating index is within a predetermined range such that it is difficult to discriminate the kind of the sample.

8. (New) The method according to claim 7, further comprising the step of:

designating that a manual operation is required when the discriminating index is within the predetermined range such that it is difficult to discriminate the kind of the sample.

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9. (New) A method of discriminating a sample for a sensor system which quantitates a concentration of a target substance contained in the sample by measuring electric current, said method comprising the steps of:

using a ratio of a measured current value to a time-differential value of the current value as a discriminating parameter;

defining a discrimination function for discriminating kinds of a plurality of samples, said discrimination function using said discriminating parameter as an independent variable;

using a numeric value obtained by substituting the value of said discriminating parameter into said discrimination function, as a discriminating index; and

discriminating the kind of any one of the plurality of samples based on said discriminating index, in which

said discrimination function is defined by means of an expression using P number of said discriminating parameters, P being an integer larger than or equal to three,

wherein said sample is discriminated using a boundary of a (P-1) dimensional surface.